Porous Pavement & the Stormcrete® Modular Precast Porous Concrete System

North Country – October 20, 2016

Presented by: Kevin J. McKee, PE, CPSWQ



Presentation Overview

- Porous/Pervious Pavements Introduction/Applications
- Performance and Lessons Learned
- Stormcrete[®] An alternative Porous Pavement System
- Simplified installation a Case Study



Benefits of Porous Pavement

- Lessens the impact on existing storm or combined sewers
- Greater base-flow in streams and rivers
- Provides natural filtration through soils of TSS, Nutrients, Heavy Metals and other pollutants.
- Higher coefficient of friction means safer stopping
- More closely mimicking the natural hydrologic responses to a rainfall events
- Reduces the Heat Island effect common to conventional pavement

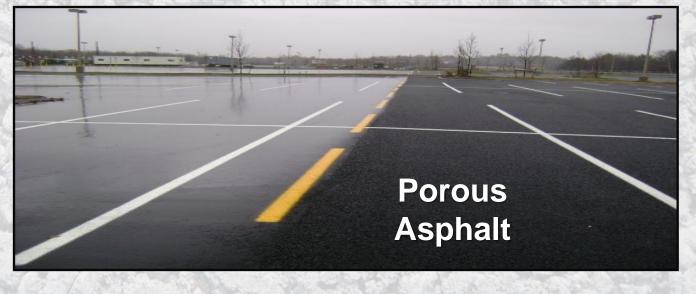




The Pre-Stormcrete[®] Porous Pavement Market















Cast-in-place Pervious Concrete



Open Graded Friction Course



Figure 1.1: Difference in Spray from Conventional and PFC Pavements

Source: Stormwater Quality Benefits of a Porous Asphalt Overlay, Michael E. Barrett, Author

Field placed Porous Asphalt

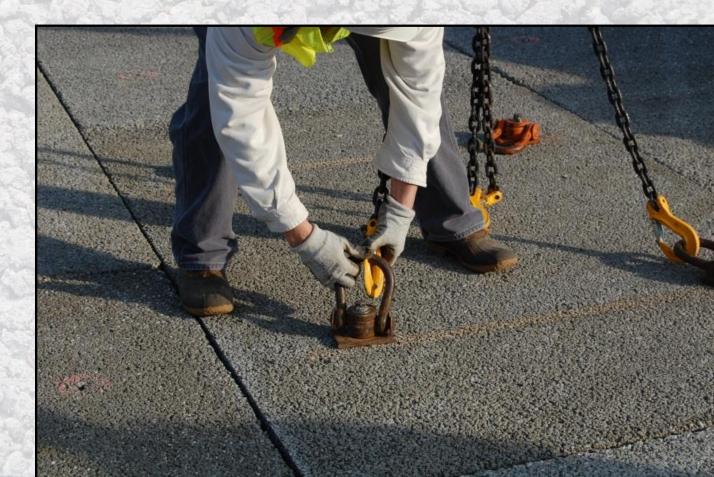




Grid Pavement Systems



Precast Porous Concrete Slabs



Lessons Learned



Porous Asphalt Installation Considerations

5. Porous asphalt should not be installed on wet aggregate, treated bases, or when the ambient air temperature is below 13°C (55°F). The production temperature of the bituminous mix should be determined by the results of draindown testing (ASTM D6390) and recommendations of the asphalt supplier, but typically ranges between 135°C and 150°C (275°F and 302°F). Porous asphalt is typically placed in one lift for small projects or two lifts for thicker sections. The two-layer pavement/ATPB surface is installed directly over the aggregate base layers to the specified finish thickness (Figure 2-20). Two to three passes with an 8 to 10 ton static steel wheel roller is required for proper compaction (i.e., air voids of 18% to 22%). Additional rolling could reduce surface course porosity and/or cause aggregate breakdown. Additional rolling with a small roller to smooth seams and remove marks is normally required (Figure 2-21). Rollers should move slowly and uniformly to prevent displacement of the mix, and they should not be stopped or parked on the freshly placed mat.¹.

Permeable Pavements, Bethany Eisenberg, et. al, 2015 ASCE Publications





Durability Issues



Porous Asphalt Installation Specifications

Table 1.5.1 QA/QC Asphalt Testing Minimum Frequency for select variables

Test	Minimum Frequency
Mix temperature in trucks prior to leaving plant	Six (6) times per day
Mix temperature at installation in	At arrival of each truckload and immediately
trucks	prior to installation
Mix temperature while rolling	Every two hours
Gradation	Greater frequency of either (a) one (1) per five hundred (500) tons (b) two (2) per day











Plugging Issues due to "run-on"

Pervious Concrete Installation Restrictions

Project Conditions

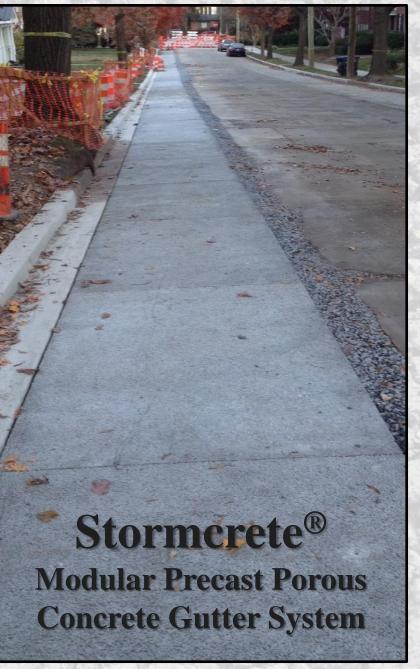
A. Weather Restrictions

- The Contractor shall not place pervious concrete pavement when the ambient temperature is predicted by the National Weather Service Point Forecast for the jobsite to be 40°F (4.4°C) or lower during the seven days following placement, unless otherwise permitted in writing by the Architect/Engineer.
- The Contractor shall not place pervious concrete payement later in the year than November 1 or earlier in the year than April 1 phless otherwise permitted in writing by the Architect/Engineer.
- The Contractor shall not place pervious concrete pavement when the ambient temperature is predicted by the National Weather Service Point Forecast for the jobsite to rise above 90°F (32.2°C) during the seven days following placement, unless otherwise permitted in writing by the Architect/Engineer.
- 4. The curing cover shall remain securely in place uninterrupted, until the concrete has reached a maturity equivalent to 14 days of curing at 70°F (21°C) at 95% relative humidity. Maturity shall be determined by an independent testing laboratory. No vehicular traffic shall be permitted on the pavement until curing is complete without written permission from the Architect/Engineer.



Pervious Concrete Installation Sensitivity and Timing







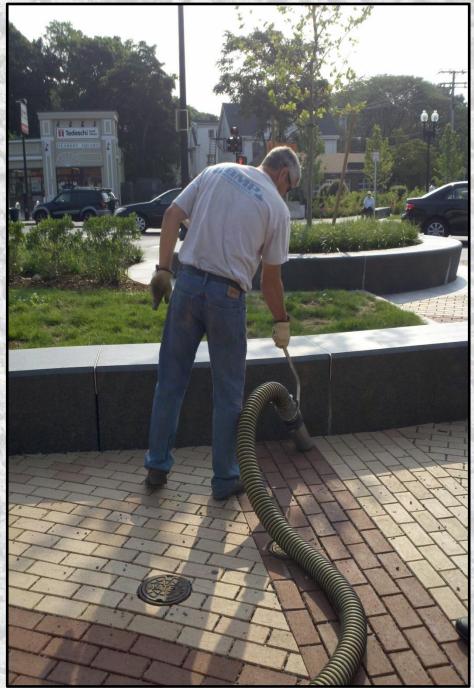
Durability and Maintenance



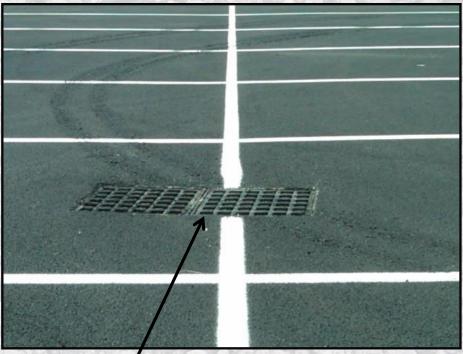












Vote of no confidence shown by the engineer



Make use of Resources



Specifier's Guide for Pervious Concrete Pavement Design Version 1.2



Permeable Pavements

Permeable Pavements Task Committee EDITED BY Bethany Eisenberg, LEED AP Kelly Collins Lindow, PE David R. Smith



Negative Perceptions of Porous pavement in the Marketplace

Durability

Installation is labor intensive

Inconsistency in mix from batch to batch

Difficult to produce

Weather dependent (can't install when to cold/hot)

Difficult to maintain and Repair

No access to subgrade (utilities)





Introducing Stormcrete® Modular Precast Porous Concrete Stormwater System

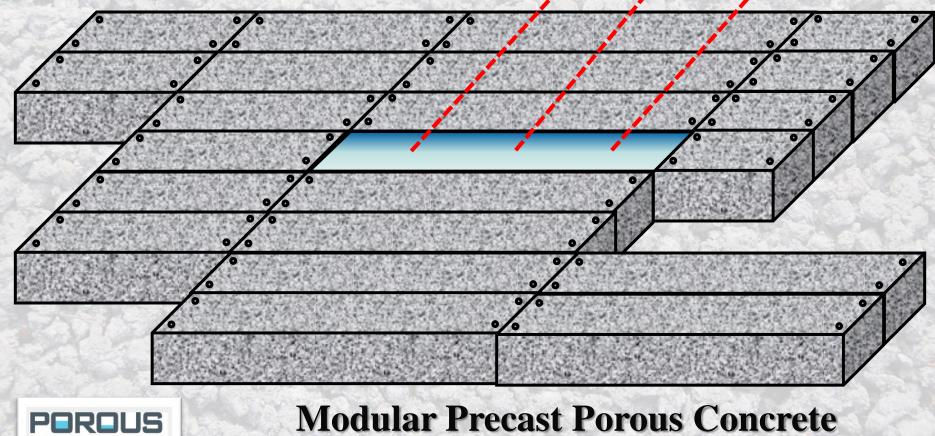




Each precast porous segment is REMOVABLE • and REUSABLE

TECHNOLOGIES. LLC

When it Rains...it's Porous"



Stormwater System

Stormcrete® - Modular Precast Porous Concrete StormWater System

Green Infrastructure Technique: Controls StormWater Quality and Quantity

Slabs manufactured, CURED and stored in an controlled environment

Porous section is removable / maintainable / Reusable

Provides access to sub-base – utilities, spills, etc.

Reduced life cycle costs

Can be installed year round in almost any type of weather conditions

Ready to use immediately – pre-cured





Standard Slab Sizes 5' x 8' 5' x 4' 5' x 2.5'



Controlled Environment Manufacturing





Quality Control

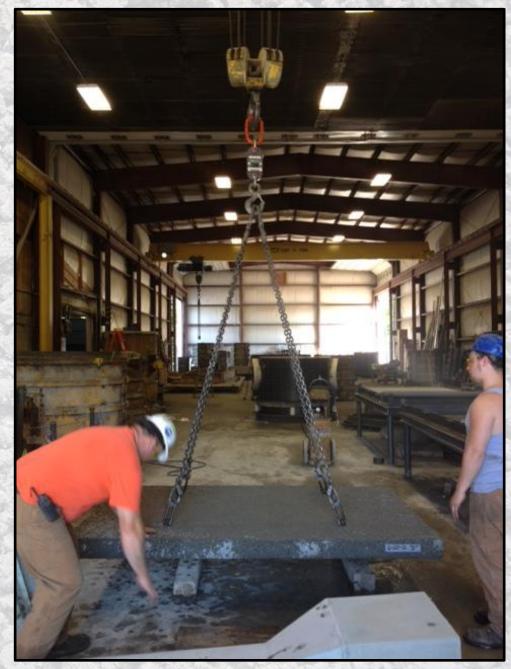
Report on Pervious Concrete Reported by ACI Committee 522

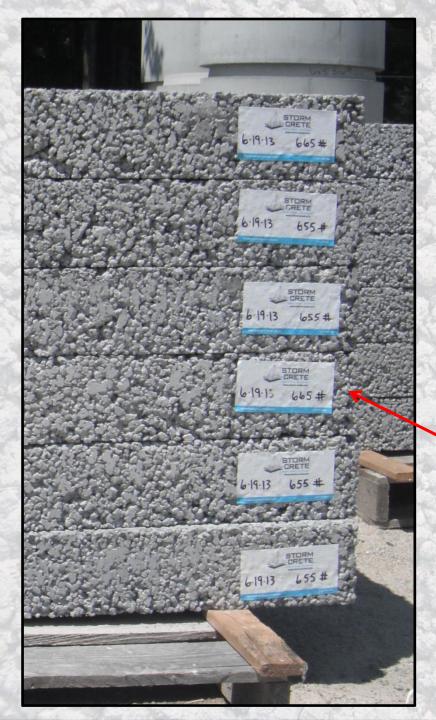
"The void content can range from 15 to 35%, with typical compressive strengths of 400 to 4000 psi. The drainage rate of pervious concrete pavement will vary with aggregate size and density of the mixture, but will generally fall into the range of 192 to 1724 in./h."

Target Mix: 125 lbs/ft³ (2,083 lbs.)

This slab is < 1% from theoretical weight – Poured in place specs allow +/- 5% variation









Each Slab is labeled with cast date and weight (i.e. density)



Cured Covered Indoors













REMOVABLE

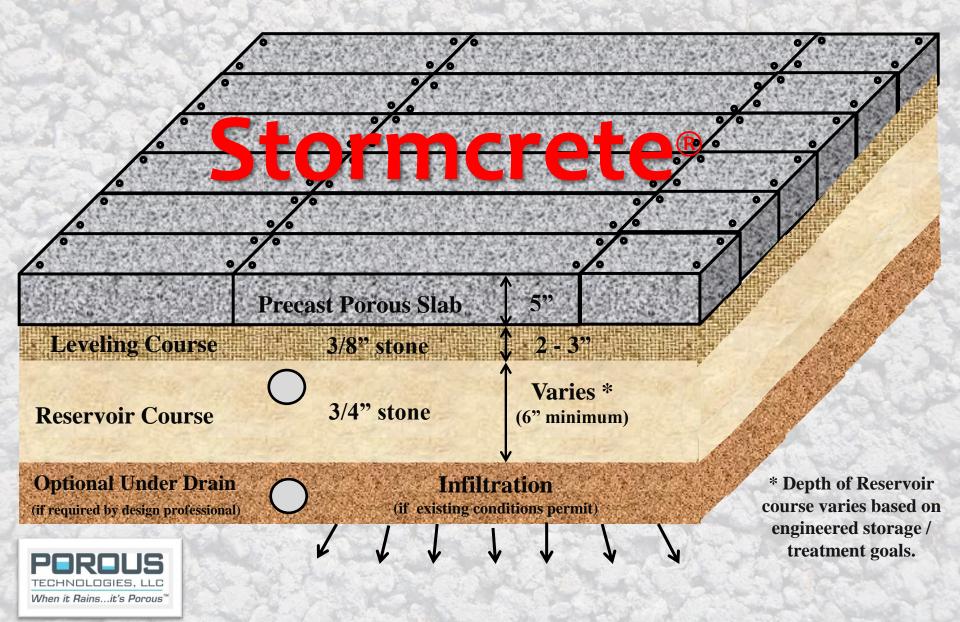
REUSABLE







Modular Precast Porous Slab Sections







Sidewalks



Sidewalk UTC Farmington, CT

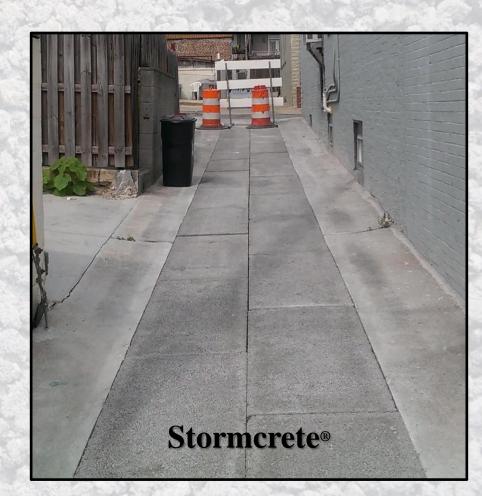








Green Alleys



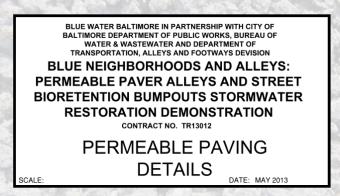




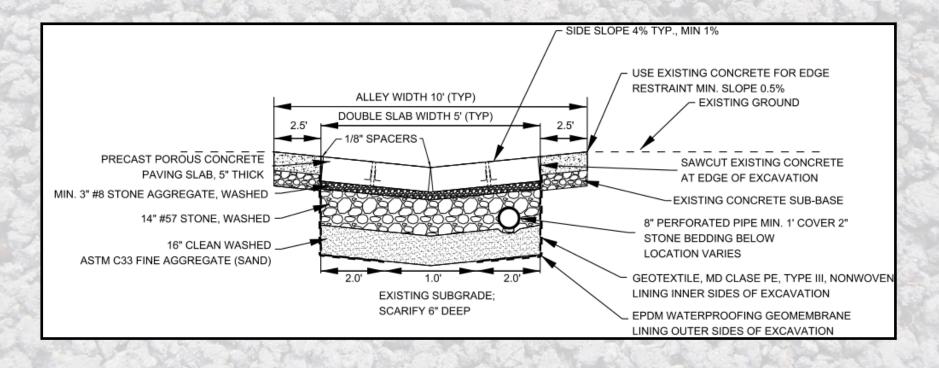






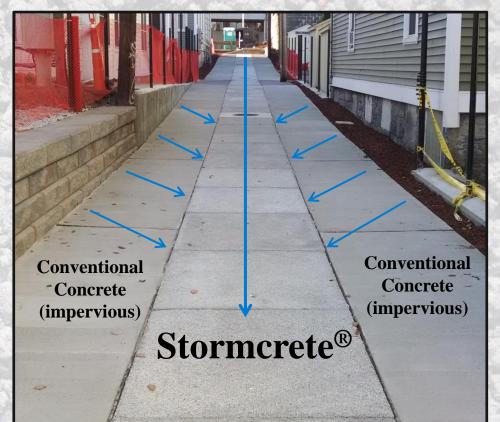


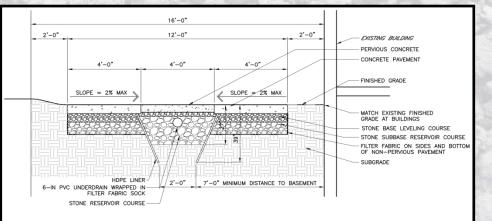
Baltimore, MD "Blue Alley" Design



Green Alley – Lowell, MA







Green Alley – Lowell, MA

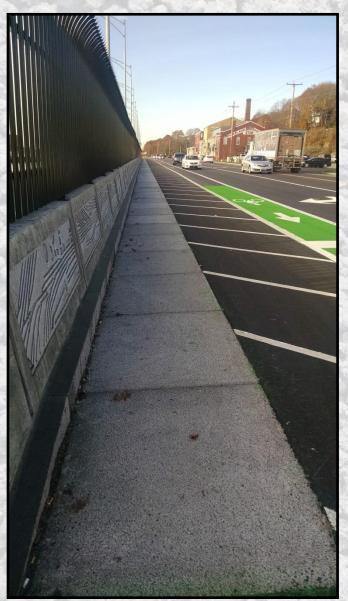




Gutters



Portland Marine Terminal Stormcrete® Porous Concrete Gutter System







EL RIO RETROFIT FOR GROUNDWATER RECHARGE FOR VENTURA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

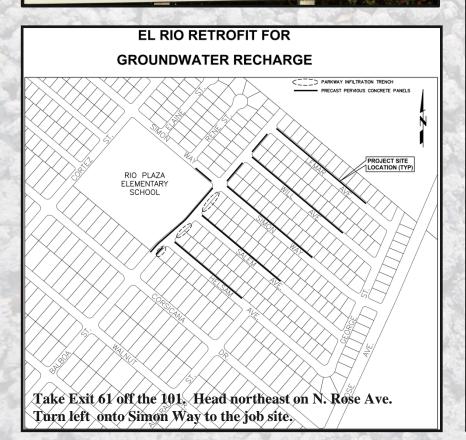


INANCED UNDER THE SAFE DRINKING WATER, WATER QUALITY AND SUPPLY, FLOOD CONTROL, RIVER AND COASTAL PROTECTION BOND ACT OF 2006 (PROPOSITION 84)

ADMINISTERED BY CALIFORNIA STATE DEPARMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

ENGINEER: GLENN DEROSSETT, PE (805) 658-4354

CONTRACTOR: TORO-ENTERPRISES, INC., OXNARD, CA (805) 483-4515











Stormcrete[®] Modular





Pedestrian Plazas





Boat Wash Area Lake George, NY





Parking Areas







Parking Areas

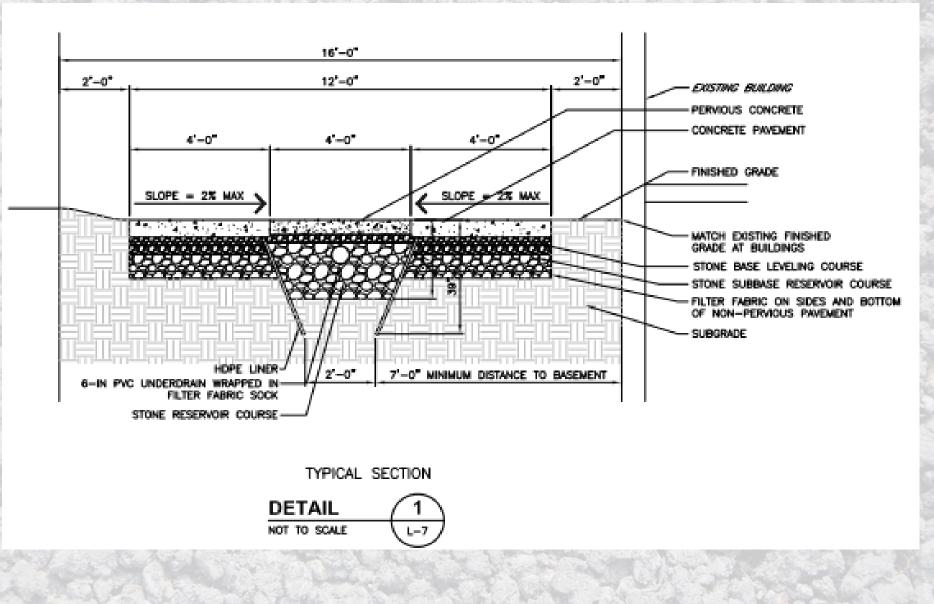


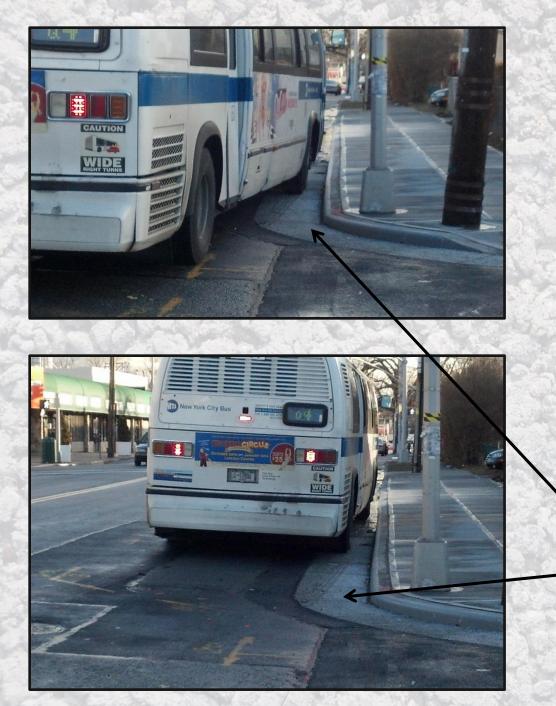
- Location!
- Location!
- Location!



- Location!
- Location!
- Location!







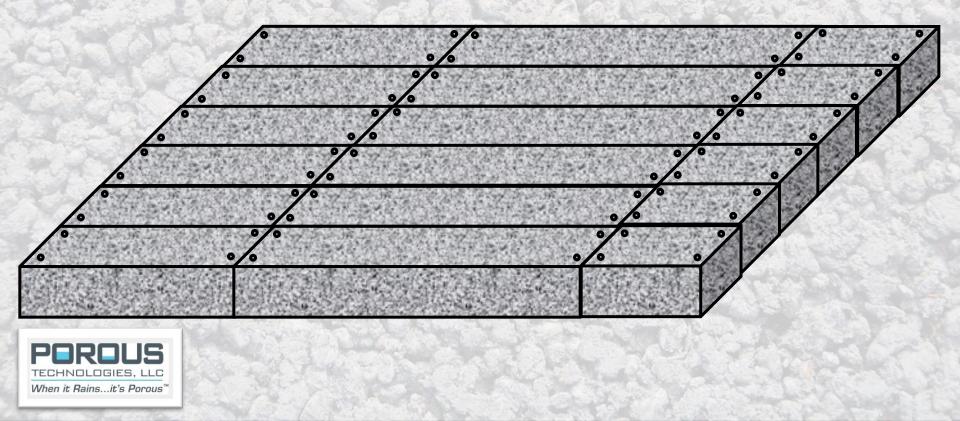
StormcreteTM Modular Porous Concrete

CAUTION

StormcreteTM Maintenance

Can be vacuum "swept" with standard equipment

Proper Equipment Selection is Important



NYC Sanitation Department









Back Pack Blower

Effective during construction







Billy Goat Walk Behind









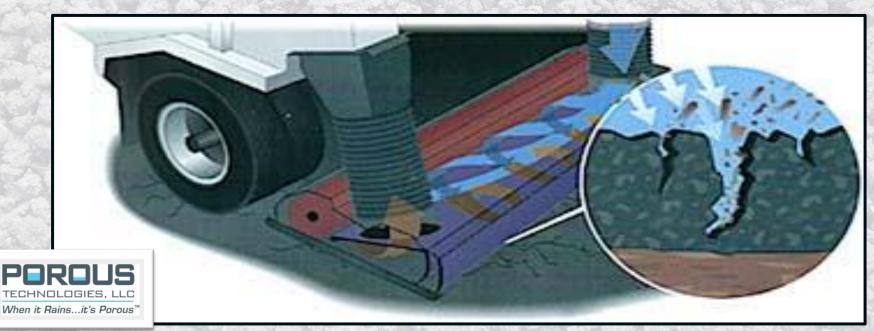
All Terrain Maintenance Vacuum Equipment



Regenerative Air VACUUM Sweeper







Gutter Broom's are inappropriate for porous pavement and act to drive sediment into pores





All Terrain Litter Vacuum



Sweeper Types

Mechanical Sweepers

They effectively remove gross pollutants and large debris (i.e. appropriate for spring clean-up), dirt and fine particles are actually forced into cracks by the broom head. The broom also tends to "push" the finer particles creating large amounts of dust. Mechanical broom sweepers are not typically recommended for porous surfaces.



Mechanical Broom Sweepers



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Vacuum Sweepers

Vacuum sweepers utilize a windrow broom to push debris over to a vacuum suction nozzle. Only a small area is actually vacuumed, the majority of the pass is swept with a broom (creating the potential for dust). Vacuum sweepers are acceptable for use on porous surfaces.



LEW IE

Mechanical Vacuum Sweeper

Sweeper Types

Mechanical Sweepers

Vacuum Sweepers

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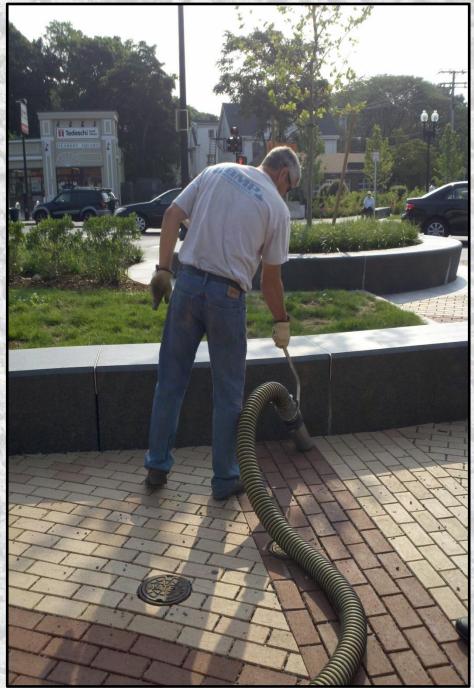
Regenerative Air Sweepers

A controlled jet of air is directed into the cracks to dislodge dirt and fine particles. At the same time, a debris pick-up head vacuums particle across the entire length of the pass. Because there are no internal brooms and they utilize a closed loop system, dust is minimized. Regenerative Air sweepers are an acceptable method for sweeping porous surfaces.

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"Spring Clean-up"



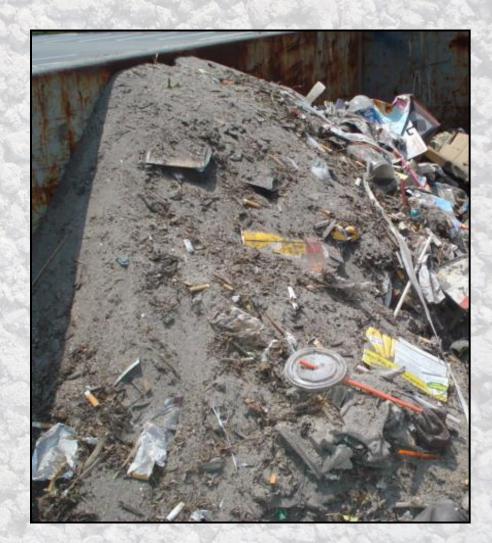
• Effective at removing trash, dirt and fine particles from surface.

Regenerative Air Sweepers

• Closed loop, brushless system reduces dust.

• A controlled blast of air dislodges debris and fines from the porous surface while the pick-up head vacuums the material.

• Recommended for use on porous pavement.













B.I.R.D.

Bunyan Infiltration Restoration Device

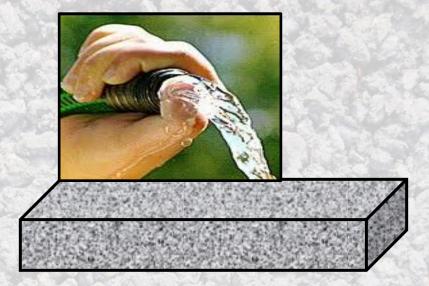


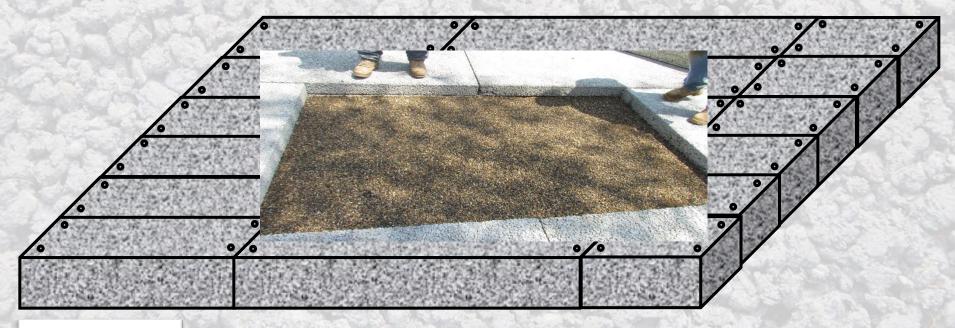




STORMCRETETM

Can be removed and backwashed to "regenerate" and **REUSE**



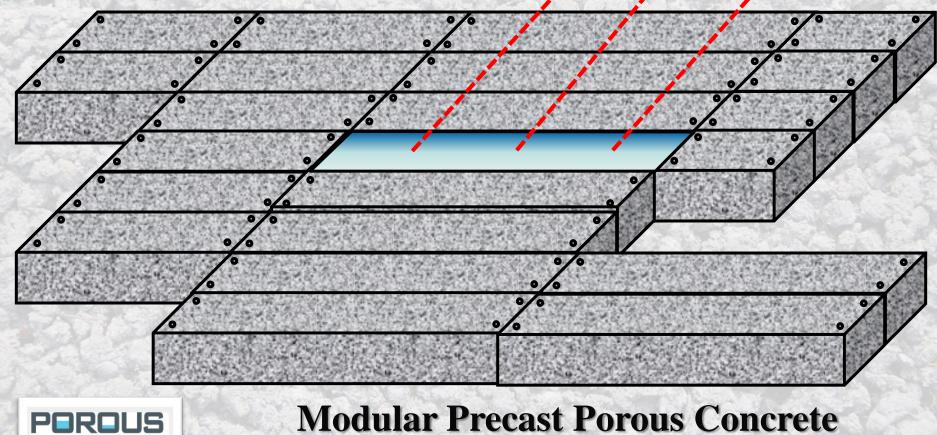




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